North Florida Amateur Radio Club / Alachua ARES(R) OCT 2024 MEETING

Tentative Program, TUESDAY OCT 8, 2024

Version 1.0 (Sunday 8AM)

GIBBY HOUSEHOLD - MOST LIKELY LOCATION / TIME 15216 NW 41st Ave

Newberry FL 32669

(Near the west end of 39th Ave, 4 miles west of I-75)

Leland is out of town, moving meeting time at Queen of Peace may be difficult....

For more information, see the last page, which has detailed connection information.

ZOOM LINK: https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89530741792

Have something you'd like on the AGENDA?? Speak up, we will create room for you!! The time to ask for items to be considered is BEFORE THE MEETING if possible so that proper planning can be carried out to meet your desires.

Contact Gordon 352 246 6183

Time	Item	Presenter
6:30 PM	Chit-Chat / Informal Conversations Suggest you also review: https://www.nf4rc.club/id-4100-shelter-radio-cheatsheet/	Jeff Capehart W4UFL
7:00-7:05	Formal Meeting / Introductions	Jeff W4UFL
7:05-7:10	Approval of SEPTEMBER MINUTES https://www.nf4rc.club/prior-meetings-2/minutes-2024-september/	Leland
7:10-7:15	Previous Month Hours Report	Jeff W4UFL
7:15-7:25 10 Min reminder	November Veterans' Day Exhibit - Nov 11th at Veterans' Park Canopy Rosemary, picked up by Earl S. Two folding tables Gordon HF Go Box capable of WINLINK Gordon VHF Go Box capable of WINLINKGordon etc. Forms for public to send themselves emails Gordon ARES BANNER - Jeff on canopy (bungee cords) 2nd BANNER Gordon - possibly on Mast Generator trailer with mast Gordon HF inverted vee antenna with coaxial cable, stakes, end fed VHF antenna with coaxial cable ?? someone bring Slim Jim to hang from mast or Diamon on fiberglass?? Brochures and business cards Gordon Computer to send messages (EOC spare loaner)	Group Planning Need list of volunteers.

7:25 - 7:35 10 minutes	 SIMPLEX NET - Thursday OCT 24 (Gordon out of town) W4JIR Primary Net Control EOC volunteer to assist from East side of town (?Eric) Earl or Reid on East side to manage relays Susan H. on SW side to manage relays Announcements on 146.820 Repeater Then Check-in on SIMPLEX 146.550 Leave someone on 146.820 to explain to people arriving late 	Jeff / Gordon / Group
7:35-7:45 10 minutes	 New EOC Tower Range Test - Saturday Oct 12 No response so far from Dave Peaton on access to Parking Lot If no access, using inletted parking at Reserve Park Trailer arrives 0800 - Gordon Need two additional volunteers Add mast (direction not important) Add VHF antenna (GLG or DH?) and feedline (GLG/DH?) 0900: Announced on 146.820 repeater, then switch to 146.550: Begin trying to connect to outlying stations and get SIGNAL REPORTS (approximate bars of signal strength, please as well as "full quieting / scratchy") EOC volunteer record results 1100: Tear down, drive back to Gordon's 	Gordon / Group
7:45-8:00	 Hurricane Helene AARIP Discussion Draft report available: https://www.nf4rc.club/draft-aarip-hurricane-helene/ Three total IAPs produced, including better instructions 146.820 repeater power down 146.910 worked well! EOC data input Peer to Peer worked throughout Six meter test results favorable, work needed 140 total volunteer deployment hours, \$22,400 Total since records started: \$61,540 Add W4DFU 146.910 repeater to backup repeater list on 205? Add Jon Simond's 500-foot UHF repeater to backup repeater list on 205? Other improvements? Corrections? Amendments? Motion to Approve 	Gordon / Group

Col "Mo ball	deployment? Incident Action Plan will come out as soon as deployment known. SARNET still down. ional Mufficane Center ne prediction 5AM Sunday ost Likely" wind front arrivals Coursians Coursians	
8:20 Adjou	ırn	

HYBRID In Person / Zoom Meeting	
ZOOM ACCESS	Join Zoom Meeting https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89530741792 Meeting ID: 895 3074 1792 One tap mobile +19292056099,,89530741792# US (New York) +13017158592,,89530741792# US (Washington DC) Dial by your location +1 929 205 6099 US (New York)

+1 301 715 8592 US (Washington DC) +1 312 626 6799 US (Chicago) +1 669 900 6833 US (San Jose) +1 253 215 8782 US (Tacoma) +1 346 248 7799 US (Houston) Meeting ID: 895 3074 1792 Find your local number: https://us02web.zoom.us/u/kdxi4hkpCh

The Zoom is never perfect, but perhaps this week I'll remember to grab the amplified speakers....

Retyped from: https://www.w4am.net/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/Human-Repeaters-9-12-15.pdf

Human Repeaters and Simplex Operation of Nets During Disaster- a Training memo 9-13-15 W4SET

Genesis: This material was written with the needs and environment of Hamilton County, TN as background. although there are several repeaters on local mountains and ridges, when they become inoperable, operators should be able to operate nets by simplex.

Objective: To educate amateur radio operators in the establishment and proper operation of a Simplex Net **What this is not:** This training is not training to be a Net Control Operator

Takeaway Lesson: Establishing a simplex net from scratch takes time - time that is needed during a real disaster which disrupts repeater operation. To avoid becoming totally dependent on repeaters, cell phones, and internet connection which may be inoperative during a disaster, much practice and knowledge of the hams in the area is necessary. This necessitates many drills on simplex.

Credits: Some materials excerpted form the ARRL EmComm materials, PBDARES, Maricopa County AZ MAC, and TCARES.

Definitions for this exercise - the "STAR" or "Hubs and Spokes Relay Method"

- **Main Hub** the location of the main net control operator; the station responsible for providing information to served agencies during a disaster
- **Area Hub** the operator who is responsible for collecting information from hams in his area and relaying that information to the Main Hub; this operator may be on the same frequency as the entire net or on a separate frequency to prevent doubling.
- **Spoke** like a bicycle wheel spoke, the path from the Main Hub to the Area Hub.
- **Relay** when one Area Hub operator who can hear an Area Station which cannot communicate with the Main Hub receives and repeats the traffic to the Main Hub (a Human Repeater).
- **Human Repeater** that would be you.

Components

- 1. Most local and regional EmComm activity takes place on 2 meter or 70 centimeter FM
- 2. VHF and UHF FM are preferred for local operations because equipment is common,portable, has a clear voice quality, and the coverage is extended by repeater stations. The downside is dependency on repeaters.
- 3. Since the disaster may eliminate repeaters as a resource before any net is established, operators should have a list of pre-selected simplex frequencies in your jump kit, and pre-programmed into your radios.
- 4. Simplex range is inhibited by terrain, output power, and antenna height and gain. Operators must know who they can communicate with in their area.
- 5. Each "area hub" should have an operator that has an excellent radio and antenna system which can reach the "main hub" with clear transmissions. This operator should be well practiced in net control operations.

When To Use Simplex and How To Start a Simplex Net

Simple answer: When you have to!

- 1. If the repeaters are no longer available, start or continue the net by the Net Control Operator (who should have a strong clear signal through most of the County area) monitoring the input frequency of the repeater to hear operators attempting to access the dead repeater and announcing on the output frequency of the repeater that a Simplex Net will be started on the assigned simplex frequencies.
- 2. For drill and practice, the repeater will not be inoperable, so a simplex frequency that is clear must be chosen and communicated over the repeater. Monitoring the input frequency or the Output Frequency of the "still alive" repeater will allow late check-ins to be informed of the exercise and encouraged to join it.

- 3. Through drills, practice, and training, operators should be able to diagnose that the repeater is out of service and change to their Area's Simplex Frequency and listen for the Area Hut Net Control to provide instructions. The nets in Hamilton County have been using 147.420 simplex as a backup.
- 4. The VHF National Simplex Calling Frequencies are 146.5200 and 144.2000 and UHF 446.0000. Avoid these frequencies because they may be cluttered in a real emergency disaster.
- 5. An operator with wide area coverage transmitting and receiving should be assigned and continue to monitor the input and output of the primary repeater to advise other operators that a simplex net has been started and instruct them in the procedure applicable to their Area Hub.
- 6. The net resumes with check-ins to the Area Hubs and the Area Hubs relaying information to the Main Hub.
- 7. Operators must be trained to recognize when a station is not being heard by his/her Area Hub and "relay" the traffic to the Area Hub. If net control does not acknowledge an operator, it is a safe assumption that net control did not hear that operator.

Ways to Improve Simplex Relay Coverage

- -- Use an omni-directional antenna with large gain (say, 9-13 dB) to receive Area Stations; ditch the rubber duck; use a "j Pole" or multiple wavelength vertical dipole
- -- Use an antenna which will provide a more downward angle of radiation or skyward radiation depending on where you are located and what your role is in the relay net.
- -- Move the antenna away from obstructions
- -- Use a directional antenna to reach the Main Hub; home build 3 element YAGIs can more than triple your reach
- -- Increase antenna height to 15' or higher
- -- Increase transmitter power as a last resort; high power may interfere with other county' nets
- -- Reset squelch to the open/minimum; you may be able to copy weak stations in the noise floor because you know the voice of the operator
- -- Speak calmly and normally to prevent splattering. During an emergency, it is easy to get excited.
- -- Hand held radios are convenient but subject to fading. If you want to participate fully in amateur radio as an EmComm operator, get a base station, good feedline, and a gain antenna.

Differences Between a Simplex Relay Net and a Repeater Net

- Simplex operation during a disaster brings another set of challenges to all operators
- Due to increased stress, operator sand net controllers will have to use strict net control procedures such as the Directed Net Protocol.
- To avoid errors or mis-communications, every message should be repeated to the sender for confirmation. Yes this takes longer, so economy of words is important.
- All operator should keep timed check-in and check-out logs so they will know who is available in their area
- Net controllers should keep detailed, timed written logs of all traffic.

A Simple Script for Simplex Nets

"Calling Relay Area ?? Hamilton County Amateur Radio Emergency Service net. This is (call sign) (name), Net Control. This is a directed net. Please follow the instructions of net control. Please stay on frequency until released by net control. Follow the net operations training which you have received during training nets"

"WE ARE OPERATING WITHOUT THE AID OF A REPEATER. YOU WILL PROBABLY NOT HEAR ALL OF THE RADIO OPERATORS, AND NET CONTROL MAY NOT HEAR SOME EITHER. AT ANY TIME YOU MAY BE REQUESTED TO AID OPERATORS WHO CAN NOT BE HEARD BY NET CONTROL. IN THE EVENT THAT NET CONTROL FAILS TO HEAR AN OPERATOR, HELP BY TRANSMITTING "RELAY, CALL SIGN" and await net control's acknowledgment and instructions."

"Leave a short space between transmissions so stations with EMERGENCY traffic may be recognized. Use Break Tags as appropriate. Do not use ITU phonetics unless net control requests their use. Net control

will repeat your traffic to confirm it with you. To advise net control that the traffic is correct, say "ROGER, CALL SIGN.""

"If net control cannot hear your "ROGER", net control will ask for a confirmation by relay from another operator or ask you to key down 3 times if confirming and five times if correction is needed." Authenticate all traffic.

Net Control Operator is in Command of the Net

Net control stations should consider this script a rather solid guideline, but you may need to adjust it for circumstances. It is your net to run your way. For consistency and good net operation, net control should generally follow the script as written.

If an operator is disruptive to net operations, use tact and reference to Net Control Operator Training guidelines for net operations to request compliance. It is not personal. It is your area's agreed upon procedure. END.