ARES(R)/NFARC FIELD DAY Incident Command SUGGESTIONS

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Network Asset	IP Number	Comments / Issues
Logging Server	10.140.107.185	name may be N3FJP-SERVER
NTP Server	10.140.107.187	nf4rc Field Day

TYPICAL HOURLY CHECKLIST

HOUR	Visitor Table / Media Response	Observe logging from each station for equipment or training issues	Assist any equipment / band issues	Check for SOLAR FLARES (NOAA web site)	Check for 6meter openings (pskreporter etc) or Critical Frequency anomalies	SAFETY CHECK

NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center

https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/

PSK REPORTER

https://pskreporter.info/

Incident Command Suggestions

ARRL Field Day Safety Officer Checklist (CLASS A ENTRY)

To qualify for the 100-point Safety Officer bonus (for Class A stations), a group must appoint a qualified person/s who are present at their site from the beginning of set-up until the end of break-down.

This form is NOT intended to be all inclusive.

The Safety Officer/s certify by submitting this form that due diligence was made to provide a safe operation.

[check (or circle) any/all that apply]

- □ Safety Officer/s or qualified designated assistant/s was on site for the duration of the event.
- □ Fuel for generator properly stored.
- □ Fire extinguisher on hand and appropriately located.
- □ First Aid kit on hand.
- First Aid CPR AED versed else trained participant/s on site for full Field Day period.
- Access to NWS alerts to monitor for inclement weather.
- Tent stakes properly installed and marked.
- Temporary antenna structures properly secured and marked.
- □ Site secured from tripping hazards.
- □ Site is set up in a neat and orderly manner to reduce hazards.
- □ Stations and equipment properly grounded.
- Access to a means to contact police/fire/rescue if needed.
- □ Safety Officer is designated point of contact for public safety officials.
- ☐ Minimize risks and control hazards to ensure no injuries to public.

As necessary, monitoring participants for hydration and ensuring an adequate water supply is available.

signature(s) / call(s)

date

TYPICAL HIGH SUNSPOT CYCLE FIELD DAY BAND USAGE TYPICAL INCIDENT COMMANDER EFFORTS

Typical Band Usage

TIME PERIOD	Station 1	Station 2	Station3	Distant Station 4	
DAY Peak of the afternoon when 10m is open (2023 10m was rarely open)	One station on 10 meters (any mode) One station on 15 meters (any mode) One station on 20 meters, voice or FT8/FT4		Most productive probably 20m CW		
After 10m dies (this scenrio used all the way to 8PM in 2023)	this scenrio used all the ay to 8PM inOne station on 20 meters (likely voice) One station on 40 meters // alternate with Stn 4 (we ran 6 hrs of dual stations on 20 meters in		20m CW or 20m Data (Retune ultrasharp filter if moving to DATA with it!)		
NIGHT After 15m dies (9PM to 9AM in 2023)	One station on 2 One station on 4 If nighttime also	0 meters		20m CW or 40 meters if coexisting with other stations	
NIGHT IF 20m dies (did not occur in 2023)	One station one of One station on 8 One sttation on 1	0 meters		opposite end of 40 meters Alternative: put up 80 meter antenna and use ultra sharp 80/75 filters	
SUNDAY: As sun rises, move back UP the chart as higher bands open back up, and lower bands die due to D-layer absorption; 80 and 160 will die quickly after sunrise.					

RECORD OF ISSUES

No.	Item	Comments / Resolutions
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

Incident Command Suggestions